

PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6:

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 97/16913

H04M 1/02

A1

(43) International Publication Date:

9 May 1997 (09.05.97)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/SE96/01376

(22) International Filing Date:

25 October 1996 (25.10.96)

(30) Priority Data:

9503884-0

3 November 1995 (03.11.95)

SE

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): TELEFON-AKTIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON (publ) [SE/SE]; S-126 25 Stockholm (SE).

(72) Inventors; and

- (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): LINDMAN, Lennart [SE/SE]; Björnmossegången 64, S-135 34 Tyresö (SE). MELLGREN, Ronny [SE/SE]; Amatörvägen 41, S-122 40 Enskede (SE). GUSTAFSSON, Sune [SE/SE]; Bollmoravägen 12 2trp, S-135 40 Tyresö (SE).
- (74) Agents: BOHLIN, Björn et al.; Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericson (publ), Patent and Trademark Dept., S-126 25 Stockholm (SE).

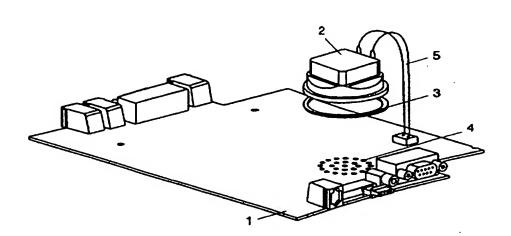
(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, ARIPO patent (KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

With international search report.

In English translation (filed in Swedish).

(54) Title: A METHOD AND DEVICE TO FASTEN A LOUDSPEAKER TO A CIRCUIT BOARD



BEST AVAILABLE COPY

(57) Abstract

With the intention of simplifying the manner in which a loudspeaker is mounted on a circuit board while maintaining requisite sealing and damping between the loudspeaker and the circuit board, the loudspeaker is affixed directly to the circuit board (1) by means of a double-side adhesive annulus (3) with the diaphragm of the loudspeaker facing towards the board, wherein the board has holes (4) located opposite the loudspeaker. The number of holes (4) provided and the size of the holes may be adapted to provide the best sound production in accordance with application. When a loudspeaker is mounted in this way, all components can be collected on the circuit board and therewith simplify manufacture of the telephone apparatus as such, irrespective of whether the circuit board is in the handset or some other part of the apparatus.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

Armenia	GB	United Kingdom	MW	Malawi
Austria	GE	Georgia	MX	Mexico
Australia	GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
Barbados	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
Belgium	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
Burkina Faso	lE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
Bulgaria	rr	Italy	PL	Poland
Benin	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
Brazil	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
Belanıs	KG	Kyrgystan	RU	Russian Federation
Canada	KP		SD	Sudan
Central African Republic		of Korea	SE	Sweden
Congo	KR	Republic of Korea	SG	Singapore
Switzerland	KZ	Kazakhstan	SI	Slovenia
Côte d'Ivoire	u	Liechtenstein	SK	Slovakia
Cameroon	LK	Sri Lanka	SN	Senegal
China	LR	Liberia	SZ	Swaziland
Czechoslovakia	LT	Lithuania	TD	Chad
Czech Republic	LU	Luxembourg	TG	Togo
Germany	LV	Larvia	TJ	Tajikistan
Denmark	MC	Monaco	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
Estonia	MD	Republic of Moldova	UA	Ukraine
Spain	MG	•	UG	Uganda
Finland	ML	Mali	US	United States of America
France	MN	Mongolia	UZ	Uzbekisum
Gabon	MR	_	VN	Viet Nam
	Austria Australia Barbados Belgium Burkina Faso Bulgaria Benin Brazil Belarus Canada Central African Republic Congo Switzerland Côte d'Ivoire Cameroon China Czechoslovakia Czech Republic Germany Denmark Estonia Spain Finland France	Austria GE Australia GN Barbados GR Belgium HU Burkina Faso IE Bulgaria IT Benin JP Brazil KE Belarus KG Canada KP Central African Republic Congo KR Switzerland KZ Côte d'Ivoire LI Cameroon LK China LR Czechoslovakia LT Czech Republic Cgermany LV Denmark MC Estonia MD Spain MG Finland ML France MN	Australia GE Georgia Australia GN Guimea Barbados GR Greece Belgium HU Hungary Burkina Faso IE Ireland Bulgaria IT Italy Benin JP Japan Brazil KE Kenya Belarus KG Kyrgystan Canada KP Democratic People's Republic of Korea Congo KR Republic of Korea Switzerland KZ Kazakhstan Côte d'Ivoire LI Liechtenstein Cameroon LK Sri Lanka China LR Liberia Czechoslovakia LT Lithuania Czech Republic LU Luxembourg Germany LV Larvia Denmark MC Monaco Estonia MB Republic of Moldova — Spain MG Madagascar Finland ML Mali France MN Mongolia	Australia GE Georgia MX Australia GN Guinea NE Barbados GR Greece NL Belgium HU Hungary NO Burkina Faso IE Ireland NZ Bulgaria IT Italy PL Benin JP Japan PT Brazil KE Kenya RO Belarus KG Kyrgystan RU Canada KP Democratic People's Republic SD Central African Republic of Korea SE Congo KR Republic of Korea SG Switzerland KZ Kazakhstan SI Côte d'Ivoire LI Liechtenstein SK Cameroon LK Sri Lanka SN China LR Liberia SZ Czechoslovakia LT Lithuania TD Czech Republic LU Luxembourg TG Germany LV Larvia TJ Denmark MC Monaco TT Estonia MD Republic of Moldova UX France MN Mongolia UZ

1

A METHOD AND DEVICE TO FASTEN A LOUDSPEAKER TO A CIRCUIT BOARD

FIELD OF INVENTION

5 The present invention relates to a method of mounting at least one loudspeaker, and a loudspeaker mounting arranged in accordance with the method, for instance telephone handsets. Depending partly on their field of use, communications equipment may often include at least one microphone and at least one loudspeaker, which may be fixedly mounted in the equipment.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BACKGROUND ART

There are several ways in which a loudspeaker can be fitted to communications equipment. At present, the usual way is to mount the circuit board and loudspeaker separately in a plastic casing with some form of connection therebetween. The loudspeaker is most often suspended softly in a rubber for instance, so as to avoid resonances in a surrounding structure. In those instances when the loudspeakers are mounted on circuit boards, the loudspeakers are always placed with their diaphragms facing away from the board. Loudspeaker mounting processes are required to be simple and inexpensive and the mounting shall fulfill the acoustic requirements placed on the mounting.

DE-A1-3346461 teaches a method of mounting electroacoustic transducers on a conductor plate that has holes opposite the transducers.

30

SE-B-451933 teaches a loudspeaker equipped arrangement in which the loudspeaker is mounted in a hole in the circuit board with the diaphragm facing away from the circuit board and with a vibration damping ring placed between the hole and the loudspeaker.

.2

DE-A1-3003714 teaches a telephone apparatus that has an electroacoustic transducer mounted on a circuit board.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5

10

15

20

With the intention of simplifying the mounting of a loudspeaker on a circuit board in a telephone apparatus while
still obtaining the requisite seal and damping between the
loudspeaker and the board so as to achieve good sound
production, the loudspeaker has been affixed to the board
with double adhesive tape with the diaphragm facing towards
the board, which has at least one hole located opposite the
loudspeaker. The number of holes provided and the size of
said holes can be adapted to provide the best sound production, depending on application. With this type of loudspeaker
mounting, all components can be collected on the board,
therewith simplifying manufacture of the telephone apparatus
as such, irrespective of whether the circuit board is in the
handheld (receiver) part of the telephone apparatus or in
some other part thereof.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows a stage in an inventive loudspeaker mounting process prior to mounting the loudspeaker.

Figure 2 shows an inventive loudspeaker mounting.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF A PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

30

Figure 1 is a simplified illustration of a telephone apparatus circuit board 1 that has an integrated loudspeaker circuit. A loudspeaker 2 is shown in a position prior to lowering and affixing the loudspeaker onto the circuit board 1. Located between the loudspeaker and the circuit board is a flat ring 3 which may be comprised of elastic double-adhesive material, such as elastic double adhesive tape. The

3

circuit board is perforated with holes 4 in the region beneath the loudspeaker for production of loudspeaker sound. The loudspeaker is connected electrically to the circuit board by twin conductors 5. In the illustrated case, the means by which the necessary seal against the board and the transmission of occurrent mechanical vibrations are dampened has the form of an adhesive tape annulus.

Figure 2 shows the loudspeaker firmly mounted on the circuit board with the aid of the adhesive tape annulus, with the loudspeaker diaphragm facing towards the board in the region of the holes 4.

The actual procedure of mounting the loudspeaker on the board 15 is preceded by securing an adhesive annulus 3 to the board 1 after having positioned the annulus in accordance with markings on the board. When the annulus has been fixed in position, the loudspeaker 2 is pressed onto the annulus. It has been found that the bond afforded by a double adhesive 20 annulus, ie an annulus that is adhesive on both sides, is sufficiently strong to resist comprehensive shaking forces, without requiring the assistance of additional fasteners such as screws to this end. Mounting of the loudspeaker is thus a relatively simple process that requires no further connec-25 ting means. When the tape used is more or less elastic, it can be used as a soft loudspeaker suspension, therewith obviating the need to use typical rubber packings to this end. The use of hard and non-elastic material is also conceivable, although this use will depend on the application 30 of the invention. When the loudspeaker is mounted in accordance with the invention, the circuit board 1 can be used as a baffle to produce a high sound volume. The holes 4 in the circuit board may also be optimized with respect to prevailing acoustic requirements. The loudspeaker may be mounted on the same side as or on the opposite to other board mounted components, depending on use.

4

In the case of conference telephones, loudspeaking telephones or a telephone apparatus having a call distribution function, a switching center for instance, the loudspeaker may be placed facing down towards or facing upwardly away from an underlying supportive surface and intended to deliver acoustic signal and also speech signals. For instance, the wiring of a fixed or a mobile telephone apparatus having a circuit board in a combined transceiver unit that includes components and keypad will be greatly simplified when the 10 loudspeaker is mounted directly on the circuit board, said board including sound production holes opposite the loudspeaker diaphragm. Wiring between loudspeaker and remaining circuit components is simplified when the loudspeaker is mounted in the aforesaid manner. The entire electronic unit may consist in one single board when the loudspeaker circuit 15 is integrated in this way.

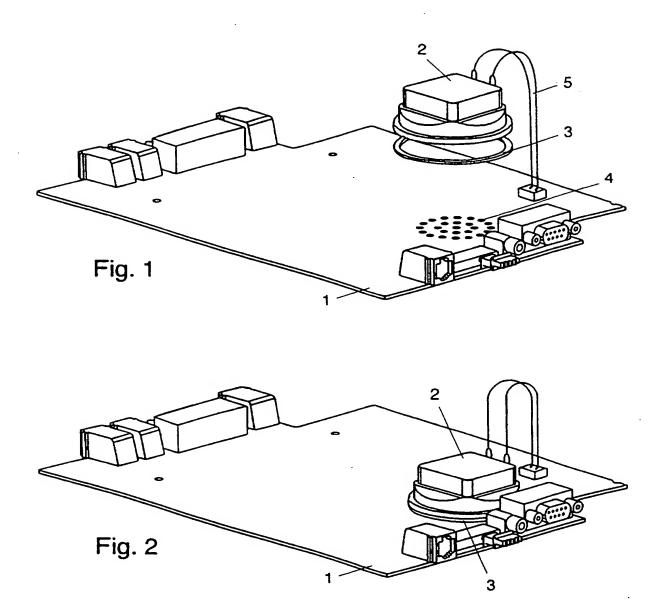
5

CLAIMS

1 A method of mounting at least one loudspeaker in communications equipment, characterized by securing the loudspeaker to the perforated circuit board with the aid of an annulus comprised of double-sided adhesive material, such as double-sided adhesive tape, located between the loudspeaker and the circuit board, with the diaphragm of the loudspeaker facing towards circuit board.

10

- 2. A loudspeaker mounting means for mounting at least one loudspeaker in communications equipment, characterized in that the loudspeaker (2) is intended to be affixed to circuit board perforated with holes (4) with the aid of an annulus (3) comprised of double-sided adhesive material, such as double-sided adhesive tape, located between the loudspeaker and the circuit board, with the diaphragm of the loudspeaker facing towards circuit board.
- 20 3. A mounting means according to Claim 2, characterized in that the adhesive material (3) is soft and elastic.
 - 4. A mounting means according to Claim 2, characterized in that the adhesive material (3) is hard and non-elastic.



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE 96/01376

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: H04M 1/02 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC6: HO4M, HO4R

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE, DK, FI, NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 8503613 A1 (GNT AUTOMATIC A/S), 15 August 1985 (15.08.85), page 14, line 20 - page 16, line 3, figures 1-11, abstract	1-4
	_ 	·
Y	DE 3346461 A1 (SIEMENS AG), 4 July 1985 (04.07.85), page 5, column 34 - page 6, line 1, figures 1-3, abstract	1-4
		
Y	EP 0218832 A1 (SIEMENS AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT BERLIN UND MÜNCHEN), 22 April 1987 (22.04.87), figures 1-3, claim 6, abstract	1-4
•		
		·

X	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box	x C. χ See patent family annex.		
•	Special categories of cited documents:	"I" later document published after the international filing date or priority		
.V.	document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention		
E.	erlier document but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be		
"I."	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone		
-0-	document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is		
	means	combined with one or more other such documents, such combination		
-P-	and profit to the first that the fitter of the later of	being obvious to a person dulled in the art		
	the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent family		
Dat	e of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report		
10 .	January 1997	0 3 -02- 1997		
Nan	ne and mailing address of the ISA;	Authorized officer		
Sw	edish Patent Office			
Box	c 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM	Roland Landström		
	simile No. + 46 8 666 02 86	Telephone No. + 46 8 782 25 00		
		1 crephone 140 40 0 702 25 00		

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/SE 96/01376

	PC1/3E 30	0/013/6
C (Contin	pation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	GB 2064264 A (PYE (ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS) LIMITED), 10 June 1981 (10.06.81), page 1, line 98 - line 105, figures 1-2, abstract	1-4
A	SE 451933 A (ELLEMTEL UTVECKLINGS AB), 2 November 1987 (02.11.87), page 3, line 6 - line 9, figures 1-3, abstract	1-4
A	EP 0203680 A2 (MARCONI ELECTRONIC DEVICES LIMITED), 3 December 1986 (03.12.86), page 6, line 25 - line 27, figures 1-2, abstract	1-4
	·	
		·

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

28/10/96

International application No.
PCT/SE 96/01376

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date	
WO-A1- 8503613	AU-A- EP-A- JP-T-		3938285 0173701 61501362	27/08/85 12/03/86 03/07/86		
DE-A1-	3346461	04/07/85	NONE			
EP-A1-	0218832	22/04/87	JP-A- US-A-	62081719 4864471	15/04/87 05/09/89	
GB-A-	2064264	10/06/81	NONE			
SE-A-	451933	02/11/87	SE-A-	8205175	11/03/84	
EP-A2-	0203680	03/12/86	GB-A-	2172437	17/09/86	

Form PCT/ISA/210 (patent family annex) (July 1992)

This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

□ BLACK BORDERS
□ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
□ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
□ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
□ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
□ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
□ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
□ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
□ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.